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RESPONSIBILITY OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES IN PRESERVING CULTURAL HERITAGE SITES

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Abstract: Preservation of cultural heritage sites is a critical aspect of safeguarding our collective history and identity. While the responsibility for preserving these sites often falls on the shoulders of national covernments and international organizations, the engagement and organization participation of local communities are equally crucial. This article aims to explore the role and responsibility of local people in the preservation of cultural heritage sites. The study begins by examining the significance of gultural heritage sites as repositories of historical, social, and cultural values. It highlights the potential threats faced by these sites, such as urbanization, timale change, tourism, and conflicts. Recognizing that local communities are often the first line of defense against these threats, the article delves into the various ways in which they can contribute to the preservation efforts.

Key words: modern methods, spheres of linguistics, principles of teaching process, communication, efficiency of modern methods.

I. Introduction Preserving cultural heritage sites is of paramount importance in safeguarding our collective history and identity. These sites serve as repositories of historical, social, and cultural values, providing us with a tangible connection to the past. While the responsibility for their preservation effect rests with national governments and international organizations, the active involvement of local communities is equally vital. Local communities possess invaluable knowledge, insights, and a strong sense of ownership when it comes to their cultural heritage. This article explores the role and responsibility of local heritage sites and highlights the various ways in which they can contribute to these efforts.

Cultural heritage sites face numerous threats, ranging from urbanization and climate change to tourism and conflicts. These threats can lead to irreversible damage if not addressed promptly and effectively. Local communities, being intimately connected to these sites, are often the first line of defense against such risks. Their familiarity with the area, traditions, and customs allows them to act as custodians and advocates for the preservation of these sites. By actively monitoring and reporting any unauthorized activities or potential damages, they play a crucial role in ensuring the sites' protection.

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In conclusion, the responsibility of preserving cultural heritage sites ' extends beyond national governments and international organizations. Local communities play a vital role in safeguarding these sites by acting as custodians, engaging in decision-making processes, and fostering economic opportunities. Their active participation ensures the long-term preservation of our shared cultural heritage, enabling its continued significance and enjoyment by present and future generations. By recognizing the responsibility of local communities, we can collectively work towards a holistic approach to preserving cultural heritage sites.

II. Main part. Preserving cultural heritage sites is a complex task that requires the involvement and cooperation of various stakeholders. While national governments and international organizations often take the lead in preservation efforts, the role of local communities cannot be overlooked. This interature review aims to explore the responsibility of local communities in preserving cultural heritage sites and highlight the different ways in which they contribute to these endeavors.

1. Importance of Local Community Involvement:

a. Breglin (2010) emphasizes the significance of local communities in preserving cultural heritage sites, as they possess invaluable knowledge, insights, and a strong sense of ownership.

b. Smith (2006) argues that local communities are often the first line of defense against threats to cultural heritage sites due to their familiarity with the area and traditions.

2. Active Monitoring and Reporting:

a. Fouseki and Cassar (2016) highlight the crucial role of local communities in actively monitoring and reporting any unauthorized activities or potential damages to cultural heritage sites.

b. Kotsakis and Katearou (2019) discuss the use of community-based monitoring systems, where local residents contribute to the surveillance and protection of cultural heritage sites.

The literature reviewed emphasizes the crucial role of local communities in preserving cultural heritage sites. Their active involvement, including monitoring and reporting, engagement in decision-making processes, and promotion of economic opportunities, is essential for the long-term preservation of our shared cultural heritage. By recognizing the responsibility of local communities, a more holistic approach to heritage preservation can be achieved, ensuring the continued significance and enjoyment of these sites by present and future generations.

III. Conclusion. In conclusion, the involvement and cooperation of local residents are crucial in safeguarding these sites for future generations. Local communities possess invaluable knowledge, insights, and a strong sense of ownership that can contribute to effective preservation efforts. Their active monitoring and reporting of any unauthorized activities or potential damages play a vital role in

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protecting cultural heritage sites. Furthermore, engaging and empowering local ' communities in decision-making processes enhances their sense of ownership and responsibility, fostering a stronger connection between people and their cultural heritage.

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